

VIVEKANANDHA MEDICAL CARE HOSPITAL

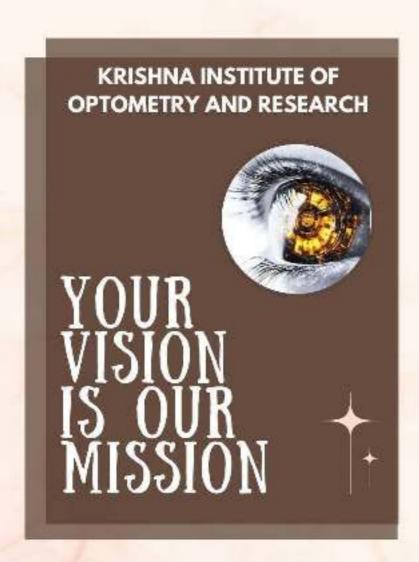
ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES

FEBRUARY 2025 Vol:1 Issue: 02





THE STUDENT MAGAZINE







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TABLE OF CONTENTS

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on Introduction

02 History

03

04

05

06

07

Implantation

Components

Types of Visual Implants

Advantages & Disadvantages

Reference

Students Corner

VISUAL PROSTHESIS

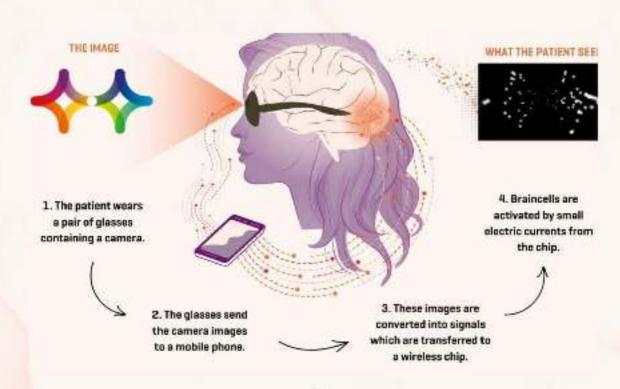
INTRODUCTION

Visual prosthesis is also known as bionic eye.

- A visual prosthesis is an electronic device that helps the blinds to regain visual perception.
- Camera or other imaging resource is used to derive electrical stimulation of remaining healthy cells or structures to create artificial vision.
- Minimum age limit for fitting visual prosthesis is around 25 years old.

PRINCIPLE

 Visual prosthesis providing a focal electrical stimulation to intact visual structures including the retina, optic nerve, lateral geniculate nucleus and occipital evoking the sensation of discrete points of light called phosphenes.

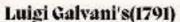


WHY VISUAL PROSTHESIS?

- There is no effective treatment for patients who are visually handicapped as a result of degeneration or damage to retina, optic nerve, visual parts of brain.
- Visual prosthesis serve to restore visual function.



HISTORY





Electrical activity of the nervous system on animal tissue.

Otfrid Foerster(1929)

Demonstrated electrical stimulation of the visual cortex could lead to a subject's "phosphenes."



Giles Brindley(1960)



Concept of electrodes below the scalp to stimulate a Subject's occipital lobe.

Dr.Eduardo Fernandez(1962)

He developed therapeutic approaches for retinal degenerative illnesses.



W.S.Lewin(1967)



First performed human test of the device.

William H.Dobelle 80's & 90's

The development of a prosthetic tool called the "Dobelle eye" that stimulates a blind person's visual cortex



IMPLANTATION IN ANIMAL



DR.JOSE ALAIN SAHEL

Rats and Sheep were used to test the biocompatibility of retinal prosthesis



DR.LUIGI GALVANI'S



IMPLANTATION IN HUMAN

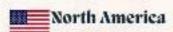


DR.WILLAIM DOBELLE



The pioneering work in the field of visual prosthesis paved the way for later developments, including the Argus II implant developed by Dr.Mark Humayun. The system was designed to help people with retinitis pigmentosa a degenerative eye disease regain some level of vision by passing damaged photoreceptor cells in retina and directly stimulating retinal neuron with electrical impluses.

COUNTRIES OFFERING IMPLANTATION









Japan





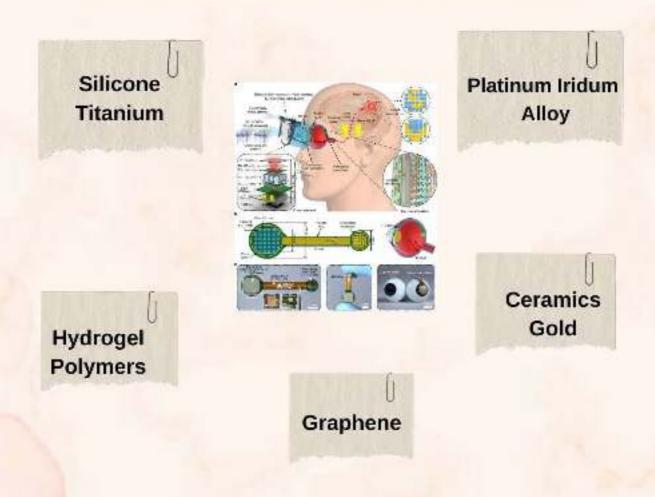




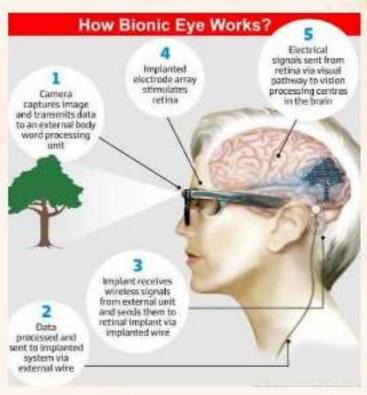
COMPONENTS OF VISUAL PROSTHESIS MECHANISM

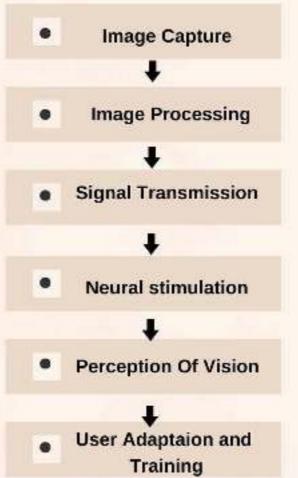
EXTERNAL COMPONENTS INTERNAL COMPONENTS C 1 Receiver 2 Processing Unit 3 Power Source

MATERIALS USED IN VISUAL PROSTHESIS



STEPS INVOLVED IN VISUAL PROSTHESIS MECHANISM

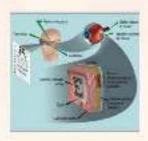




TYPES OF VISUAL IMPLANT

1.EPIRETINAL

It stimulates retinal ganglion cells.



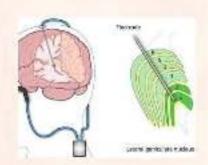
3.SUBRETINAL

It stimulates bipolar cells and inner retina.



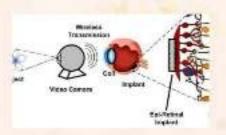
5.OPTIC NERVE

It stimulates optic nerve fibres .



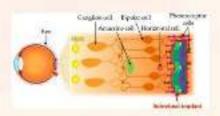
7.VISUAL CORTEX

It stimulates visual cortex neuron.



2.RETINAL

It also stimulates retinal ganglion cells.



4.SUPRACHOROIDAL

It stimulates retinal neurons.

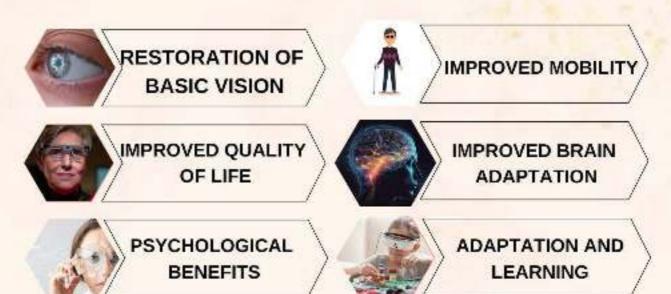


6.LATERAL GENICULATE BODY

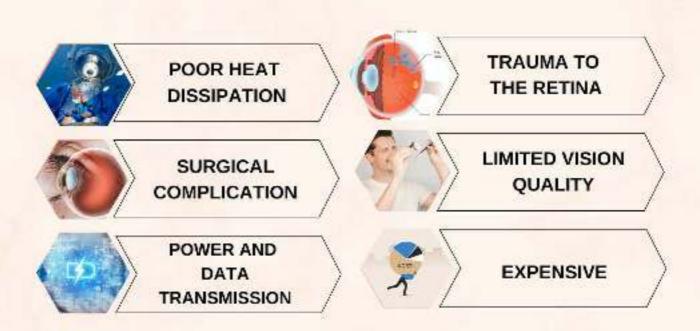
It stimulates relay neurons .



ADVANTAGES



DISADVANTAGES



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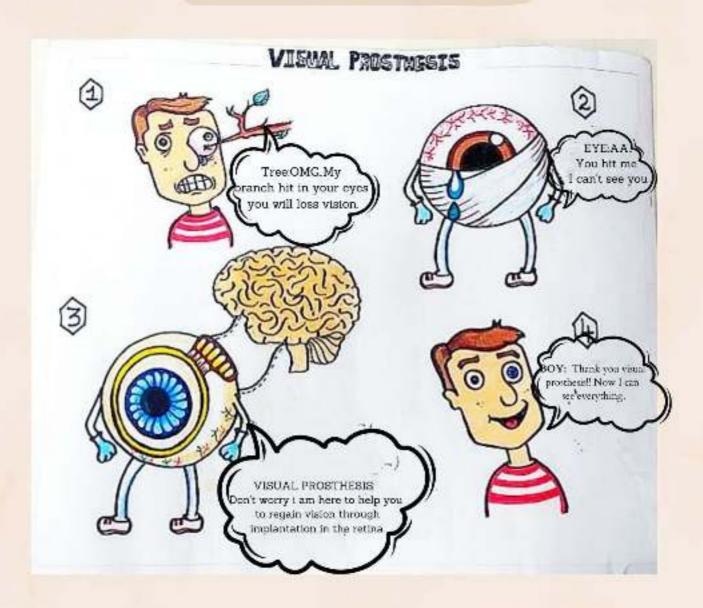
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STUDENT'S CORNER

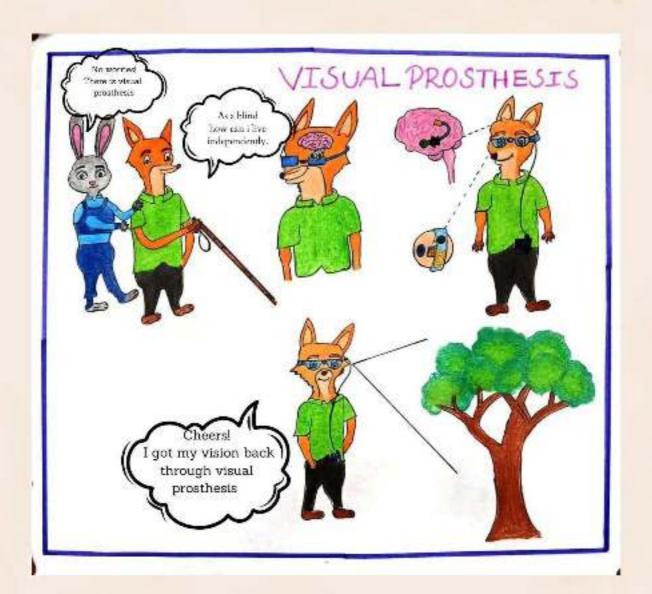
Caricatures

DARKNESS TO BRIGHTNESS



R.Diviya dharshini A.Keerthiga III-B.SC., Optometry

DEPENDENT TO INDEPENDENT



M.S.K.Sinthiya S.Rakshitha III-B.SC., Optometry



POEMS

SPARK OF HOPE



A chance to see, to perceive and to know
A gift of sight, for those who've lost their glow
In darkness, a spark takes flight A Prosthetic eye, shining bright

K.RESHMA III-B.SC., OPTOMETRY



SPARK OF SIGHT



In darkness, a light begins to gleam
A spark of hope, a new dream
For those who dwelled in endless night
A chance to see, a new delight

The implant's threads, a delicate dance
Weaving sight, a second chance
Electrodes whisper, a gentle tone
Awakening vision, long unknown.

B.DHARSHANA III-B.SC., OPTOMETRY

SWAMY VIVEKANANDHA MEDICAL COLLEGE HOSPITAL AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE

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3	BSC OPERATION THEATRE AND ANESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY	4 YEARS
4	BSC CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY	4 YEARS
5	BSC PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT	4 YEARS
6	BSC MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY	4YEARS
7	BSC DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY IM	4 YEARS

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1	BSC OPTOMETRY	4 YEARS

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"Vidhya Rathua"

Prof. Dr. M. KARUNANITHI, B.Pharm., M.S., Ph.D., D.Litt.,

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